





qIND-qCPA (In)security of CBC, CFB, OFB and CTR

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Being given a long message and a secure block cipher (e.g. AES), how to encrypt the message?





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What if we simply encrypt each block?





Figure: Original image

Figure: Encrypted image

Modes of operation allow us to securely encrypt long messages.













In particular, it acts as a stream cipher: $Enc_k^{CTR}(m) = m \oplus s$ for a (pseudo)random *s*.





IND-CPA Classical learning queries, Classical challenge queries



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		CBC/OFB	
		with PRP	with qPRP
IND-CPA	1	1	1
IND-qCPA ¹			

IND-CPA Classical learning gueries, Classical challenge gueries IND-gCPA Quantum learning queries. Classical challenge queries

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	CTR/OFB	CBC/OFB	
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One-to-one encryption is qIND-qCPA-P8-insecure





• $Enc_k : \{0,1\}^m \times \{0,1\}^p \rightarrow \{0,1\}^n$, with *m* being the message length



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Invalidates most modes of operation... without authenticity tag.





Shown results

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- qIND-qCPA-P13-insecurity of CBC, CTR, OFB and CFB





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Relevance of the qIND-qCPA security notions

Attacks are generic: how bad is it for a scheme to be qIND-qCPA-P13-insecure?





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Relevance of the qIND-qCPA security notions

- Attacks are generic: how bad is it for a scheme to be qIND-qCPA-P13-insecure?
- No equivalent semantic security notion for most qIND-qCPA notions



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Relevance of the qIND-qCPA security notions

- Attacks are generic: how bad is it for a scheme to be qIND-qCPA-P13-insecure?
- No equivalent semantic security notion for most qIND-qCPA notions

Takeaway: we need to perform more research to define a useful qIND-qCPA notion.





Thank you!



Two oracles for the IND-CPA game:



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Query $m \to \operatorname{Enc}_k(m)$ Challenge $m_0, m_1 \to \operatorname{Enc}_k(m_b)$ Challenge type To choose from: Left-or-Right



Two oracles for the IND-CPA game:

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Query} & m \rightarrow \mbox{Enc}_{k}(m) \\ \mbox{Challenge} & m_{0}, m_{1} \rightarrow \\ & \mbox{Enc}_{k}(m_{b}), \mbox{Enc}_{k}(m_{\overline{b}}) \end{array}$

Challenge type To choose from: Left-or-Right 2-ciphertexts



Two oracles for the IND-CPA game:

Query $m \to \text{Enc}_k(m)$ Challenge $m \to \text{Enc}_k(\pi^b(m))$ Challenge type To choose from:

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- 2-ciphertexts
- Real-or-Random



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Number of challenge queries A single or $poly(\lambda)$



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Classical



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Two oracles for the IND-CPA game:

 $\begin{array}{l} \mathsf{Query} \quad |x,y\rangle \rightarrow \\ |x,y \oplus \mathsf{Enc}_{\mathsf{k}}(x)\rangle \\ \mathsf{Challenge} \quad |x,y\rangle \rightarrow \\ |x,y \oplus \mathsf{Enc}_{\mathsf{k}}(\pi^{b}(x))\rangle \end{array}$

Challenge type To choose from:

Left-or-Right

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Real-or-Random

Number of challenge queries A single or $poly(\lambda)$

Oracle type To choose from:

Classical

Standard





Two oracles for the IND-CPA game:

$$\begin{array}{ll} \mbox{Query} & |x\rangle \rightarrow \left|x, \mbox{Enc}_{k}(x)\right\rangle \\ \mbox{Challenge} & |x\rangle \rightarrow \\ & |x, \mbox{Enc}_{k}\left(\pi^{b}(x)\right)\rangle \end{array}$$

Challenge type To choose from:

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- Number of challenge queries A single or $poly(\lambda)$

Oracle type To choose from:

- Classical
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- Embedding





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- Number of challenge queries A single or $poly(\lambda)$

Oracle type To choose from:

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- Erasing





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 \implies Many notions, some of them being equivalent.



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Challenge type To choose from:

- Left-or-Right
- 2-ciphertexts
- Real-or-Random
- Number of challenge queries A single or $poly(\lambda)$

Oracle type To choose from:

- Classical
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- Embedding
- Erasing
- \implies Many notions, some of them being equivalent.
- \implies 14 different qIND-qCPA notions



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